## The Argentina 1935-51 Definitives



Notes

2009

# Postmarks, Covers, Postcards, <br> Postal Entires and PERFINs 

## 5

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## Introduction

These stamps were issued in denominations from $1 / 2$ centavo to 20 pesos. There is a remarkable factor of 4,000 between the largest and the smallest denomination. This series was in use from October 1, 1935 to as late as 1961, by which time only one value was in postal use. This series was also issued as Departmental Officials and 'Servicio Oficial' officials. This series has an expansive postal history, especially during World War II, when Argentina supplied both sides of the conflict.

Besides the beautiful two-color designs for the high values, this series is attractive to definitive collectors because of the daunting challenge it poses to classify the large number of papers on which it was issued-perhaps as many as 20 ! In these notes I serialize the work I have done to understand the Argentina 1935-51 definitives. Beginning collectors to this series encounter several stumbling blocks when deciding which stamps to acquire from this series. The first stumbling block, which applies mostly to the Scott catalogue, is that the stamps have been grouped using a scheme that is based on the major watermark types; ignoring the difference for the same watermark of the various papers. The second stumbling block, which applies mostly to the Argentinean specialized catalogues, is that the various issues have been grouped in a loosely chronological scheme that separates Argentinean papers from imported papers. I use my own scheme to describe the papers.

## My reference scheme

I use my own reference scheme to describe this series. This reference scheme enables me to have a more complete listing of the issues. I consider it a temporary scheme until I am able to arrive at a fairly complete listing.

The scheme combines:

1. The denomination in a computer-friendly format: For example, instead of $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ I use 05 c , and instead of $21 / 2 c$, I use $2 p 5 c$.
2. Mention of the person on the stamp (optional) or name acronym: I need this naming convention for the 3 centavos stamp, which was issued with the San Martin (SM) and Mariano Moreno (M) designs. The 20c Martin Guemes was issued with (JMG) or without (MG) the middle name shown.
3. Reference to the paper if I know of more than one: There are $30 \mathrm{c} 1 \mathrm{E} 1,30 \mathrm{c} 1 \mathrm{E} 2$, etc. If the stamp was only issued on one paper, there is no need for this naming convention, as is the case for the 3cSMGr, which was only issued on the 1E1 paper.
4. An additional reference for a specific plate: This naming convention is required for the 10c Rivadavia red, with types I and II, and the 10c Rivadavia Brown, with types A and B.
5. An additional reference for a specific color: This naming convention is required for the 15 c Small Format Cattle, issued in dark blue and only on the 1 E1 paper, as 15cSC-D, and also issued in light blue and on a later paper, as 15 cSC -L.

I mention several examples that show how my naming convention works:

1. The 8 c value was issued in one design, on one paper, on one plate, and on one color. Reference: 8c.
2. The 10c Rivadavia was issued in red and a range of browns, on many papers, and on at least four plates. Example references: 10cR-I, 10cBRCL1-A.

For the 18 papers I use the following scheme:

1. The early papers with the first watermark are the 1Ex papers, with $x$ as of this edition being 1 to 4 .
2. The clay papers were printed in two groups, CL1A and CL1B in 1943; and CL2A and CL2B in the 1950s.
3. The un-watermarked papers are of two types: grid from 1945 (NGR), and opaque from approximately 1948 (NOP).
4. The paper with the second watermark is found in three types: clear (2C), diffuse (2D), and with narrow rays (2N).
5. The late papers with the first watermark are the 1 Lx papers, with $x$ as of this edition being 1 to 5 .

## How this series came about

Thanks to a reference provided by one of the 'Foreros,' or members of the Argentinean Philately Forum, I learned about the existence of the book published by the Argentinean Post Office, Volume I, in 1939, by Antonio Deluca, and titled "Stamps and other postal and telegraph issues." This book contains key information about This series, about which Deluca mentions the following:

The decision to replace the San Martin issue by a new series came from 1931, but was abandoned due to the Argentinean Post Office 's economic hardship. Its director, Mr. Carlos Risso Dominguez, sent a memorandum to the Ministry of the Interior, dated November 28, 1932, in which he outlines basic facts about this series that I did not know before I obtained this book. The basic facts contained in this memorandum are:

1. There were several postal forgery incidents that cost the Argentinean Post Office a large loss of revenue. "In 1921 a postal forgery of the 5c stamp was found, and it incurred a loss of aproximately 1 million pesos of national currency in a few months. There seems to be an additional forgery of higher quality and affecting the 2 c and 5 c values. It is then without doubt that the prolonged use of the same stamp type conspires against its legitimacy and affects adversely our collection of revenue."
2. Four categories were proposed for the new issue:
"a) Publish the likenesses of those signing the Declaration of Independence..."
"b) Publish the likenesses of those signing the 1853 Constitution..."
"c) Publish a selection of the likenesses of important military and civilian figures...and in addition add simbolic figures representing the Republic as shown on our currency, and mainly the Argentinean shield in its authentic model."
"d) Finally...use the stamps for an increased awareness of our products and therefore put in effect a news-wrothy promotion in its favor, just as other countries do..."

There then take place several bureaucratic steps tipically required for a new stamp series: authorization by the Ministry of the Interior, design contest, and authorization by the President of the Republic. The second memorandum containing facts about this series was sent by the commission making recommendations on this new issue to the Argentinean Post Office on July 4 1933:

1. "The commission proposes the portraits for the following important figures to be featured in as many issues: San Martin, Rivadavia, Moreno, Belgrano, Sarmiento, Mitre, Urquiza, Rodriguez, Guemes, Velez Sarsfield. Within the context of promoting, the commission indicates, of course, the map of the Argentinean Republic, and the following industries: Cattle, Agriculture, Oil, Wine-making, and Sugar Cane."
2. This memorandum recommends the use of papel without watermark, somewhat thicker than the one being used at the time for typographed printing, and with white gum. It is interesting that the characteristics in this recommendation correspond to only one of the 18 papers for This series: the NOP, or opaque paper not in the catalogs from aproximately 1948. 3. The recommended dimensions are: 19 by 24 mm , and 21 by 28 mm .
3. The designs and initial printing quantities recommended are:

1/2c Urquiza (50 million); 1c Guemes (30 million); 3c Rodriguez (120 million); 5c Agricultura ( 60 million); 6c Sarmiento ( 40 million); 10c Belgrano ( 300 million); 15c Mapa ( 20 million); 20c Mitre ( 10 million); 30c Sugar ( 12 million); 35c Cattle ( 6 million); 40c Wine-making (10 million); 50c Velez Sarsfield ( 6 million); 1p Oil Industry ( 2.5 million); 5p Rivadavia (50000), 10p Moreno (20000), 20p San Martin (10000).
5. Only one design is recommended for the oficial issues, with each denomination having its own color: "The current system, is unappealing and very costly, because it forces specialized printings of the overprints. In addition, the wide range of papers and printings of the stamps and of the very same overprints, cause that collectors seek them, causing a disfunctional inventory, given that they cannot be acquired at post offices..." This memorandum includes other details about the official issues, including proposed values and printing quantities.

The Casa de Moneda (the Argentinean Treasury, in charge of printing stamps) makes the following design and respective denomination recommendations to the Argentinean Post Office on May 23, 1934:
Mitre 1/2c y 1c; Sarmiento 2c; Moreno 10c; Belgrano 5c y 20c; Southern National Park 12c; Sugar 10c; Argentinean Republic, wheat 15c; America and the Argentinean Republic, fruits of the country 5c; Oil 2c; Agriculture 10c; Republic and the farmer 5c; Christ of the Andes 2c; Republic and Shield 12c; Wheat Stalks 5c y 10c; Allegorical figure and wheat 10c; Iguazu Falls 50 c . The most interesting fact in this memorandum is mention of Iguazu Falls. This memorandum mentions many designs that were not adopted.

Deluce mentions documents that relate to collaboration between the Argentinean Treasury and the Argentinean Post Office, it which the adopted characteristics are outlined: the use of a small format for the values up to 20 c , and of the large format for values 25 c and up. On July 16 of 1934 the Patriot values as we know them from $1 / 2$ c to 20 c were finalized. Durante the period spanning October 25, 1934 and February 13, 1935 the Resources values as we know them from 25 c to 20 pesos were finalized.

On September 14, 1935, the Argentinean Post Office took the following actions:

1. Decides to issue on October 1,1935 the $1 / 2 c, 1 c, 2 c, 3 c, 4 c, 5 c, 6 c, 10 c, 12 c, y 20 c$ (fullname version: JMG) values.
2. Demonetizes from January 1, 1936 onwards the previous (San Martin) issue.
3. Allows the exchange of San Martin stamps for the new stamps during the first 90 days of 1936.

On November 22, 1935, the Argentinean Post Office decides to issue the 15c, 25c, 30c, 40c, $50 c, 1 p$ with map boundaries, $2 p, 5 p, 10 p$, and $20 p$ values January $1,1936$.

According to Deluca, public notice of the new issue "was made by special announcements, and the printing of 5000 stamps for each value." I speculate that these stamps are the ones we come across with specimen ("MUESTRA") overprint.

## Catalogs and other References

The only primary reference I have for Arg3551 is the book published by the Argentinean postal authorities in 1939, and authored by Antonio Deluca. It is the first volume of two and the second volume I have been told does not cover postage stamps. This book contains various design details, printing quantities for the 1 peso with map boundaries, and transcripts of interesting official documents for Arg3551. The classic specialized catalog of Argentina, written by Victor Kneitschel, is an important secondary source. There are several editions, all printed in small runs. I have the 1951 copy, which is sufficient for my needs, although I would like to have the two volume edition published a few years later. This catalog has a reasonable listing of the regular issues, and a thorough listing of the official issues-the latter is the most complete listing at my disposal.


The specialized catalog written by Samuel Klass is my most important secondary source for the regular issues. It contains the most complete reference to all sorts of varieties and a few earliest use mentions. Klass has a summarized listing of the Arg3551 officials. The catalog that is most often quoted on the Web Forum is referred to as Petrovich, although it is currently published by Mello Teggia. The Mello Teggia numbers get quoted as Pt, for Petrovich. The Mello Teggia catalog is dated 1998 and has a 2000 supplement. This catalog is a direct descendant of Kneitschel. I also have access to scans of the Uniphila catalog for the Arg3551 regular issues. The Uniphila catalog describes the papers as well as Klass does.

Klass 1971


Saturday, August 1, 2009

## 25c range of use

Here is a first attempt at establishing range of use as well as relative rarity of each printing. With the exception of one of the 1E4s (highlighted in red), all of the dates are within rangei.e. there aren't any early uses one or two years before the known earliest use from looking at many specimens over the years.

|  | 1 E 1 | 1 E2 | 1E3a | 1 E 4 | 1E3c | NGR | 1E3b | NOP | 2C-H | $2 \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{V}$ | 11. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1937 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938 |  | 7 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 |  |  | 3 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1949 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 1 | 11 | 12 | 9 | 63 | 8 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 3. | 2 |
| 125 | 0.80\% | 8.80\% | 9.60\% | 7.20\% | 50.40\% | 6.40\% | 6.40\% | 1.60\% | 4.80\% | 2.40\% | 1.60\% |

The 25 c 1 E 1 is very rare, 50 percent of this sample are 1 E 3 c 's-the symmetrical box grid, and most of the other papers are also rare. The results from this small sample are consistent with my previous experience.

Saturday, April 18, 2009

## Second day of issue 1935 cover

I have just received this cover, dated October 2, 1935. It is a philatelic cover.


Here is the back of the cover...

...and here is a detail of the postmark.


These stamps were issued October 1, 1935.

## Brigada and Ambulante explained

Based on information from aficionado, a member of the Filatelia Argentina forum, the Brigada postmarks are the first type for the roaming (Ambulante) service for mail from Buenos Aires to the interior of the country. I previouly did not know what the Brigada postmarks were for, or that they are an early type of Ambulante postmark.

Here is a Brigada 18 example.


Here is an Ambulante No. 92.


Saturday, October 31, 2009

## A few 40c early postmarks

This first specimen is 1 E 1 .



This stamp has a plate flaw likely from when the plate was assembled.


## Buenos Aires non-standard postmarks part 1

Except for A.P., I do not know the meaning of the letters appended to Buenos Aires in these postmarks.
A.P. (Agencia Postal)


ISTRIAL DF PRRDUCTOS OLEAGINOSOS, S. A.


BUENOS AIRES


CONTINENTAL GRAIN COMPANY
(E) V 10 and 20




3-V :: D-G. y E.



Saturday, July 4, 2009

## Buenos Aires non-standard postmarks part 2

I do not know the meaning of the letters appended to Buenos Aires in these postmarks. The V.A. that is added to E.R.V. to come up with E.R.V.V.A. 2 could mean VIA AEREA.
E.R.V. 10 and $20::$ E




VIA AEREA :: E


## E.R.V.V.A. 2 :: E



## An early cover bearing the 10c Rivadavia Brown

Tenorio mentions that the first, and rare printing in offset of this stamp was issued March 16, 1939; and that the first typographed printing was issued November 4, 1939. The following cover is from June 1939 and bears two typographed stamps. I have previously shown other typographed specimens postmarked before the issue date mentioned by Tenorio.


This cover has a dated company stamp on the back.


Here are details of the stamps, showing the treaits of typographed stamps: extra ink outside the design, and outside the upper right corner.



Thursday, July 2, 2009

## Buenos Aires special use postmarks

Here are several Buenos Aires specimens for specific types of mailings.
BUENOS AIRES EI


BUENOS AIRES E R V (I can't make out the last letter)





## The 1943 CL1B 1 peso and 2 pesos on cover

These stamps can be spotted easily on cover because of the high contrast of the bright/highly reflective white paper they were printed on.

Here are two selections from covers in the Continental Grain Correspondence,
Continental Grain Correspondence 1 Peso covers page

and a superb find: the extremely rare 2 pesos clay from 1943. Never mind that it is on a 5 pesos cover-that alone would make this cover rare, but the 2 pCL1B is the find here, and not the 5 pesos, which is most likely a 5 p1E4.

The very rare 2 pesos on cover (quite a find!!!)


## Late usage of the 2 pesos and 5 pesos

These are the two latest uses I have.

2 pesos canceled December (16?) of 1956.

and 5 pesos canceled February 28 of 1957.


Monday, October 12, 2009

## A postal entire with Census information

This postal entire found limited use. It has information about Argentina from 1934.


The stamp is Type II.


Here are details of the back of this entire, a fold-out.


REPUBLICA ARGENTINA
(Informaciones correspondientes al año 1934)
GOBIERNO NACIONAL
PODER EJECUTIVO
(Período 1932-38)
Presidente de la Nación
Gral. Ing. Agustín P. Justo
Vice - presidente: Dr. Julio A. Roca
PODER LEGISLATIVO
Cámara de Senadores
30 miembros
(2 por cada provincia y 2
Cámara de Diputados 158 miembros por la Cap. Federal). (1 Diput. por cada 49.000 habitantes).

## PODER JUDICIAL FEDERAL

1 Corte Suprema
6 Cámaras
23 Juzgados
PRESUPUESTO DE LA NACION
(en miles de $\$ \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n}$.)
Rentas........ 796.406,4 | Gastos........ 795.800,4
COMERCIO EXTERIOR
(en miles de $\$ \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n}$.)
Exportación. ... 1.438.434 | Importación. ... 1.109.932
Saldo comercial positivo . ................... 328.502
Total general del comercio exterior . . . . . . . . 2.548.366


POBLACION Y SUPERFICIE

|  | Habitantes (miles) | Km. ${ }^{\text {z }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital Federal | 2.246,7 | 185 |
| Buenos Aires . | 3.282,9 | 306.830 |
| Santa Fé | 1.439,2 | 134.827 |
| Entre Ríos | 670,0 | 78.330 |
| Corrientes | 473,7 | 88.901 |
| Córdoba | 1.169,1 | 168.152 |
| San Luis | 179,8 | 76.923 |
| Santiago del Estero | 433,2 | 138.439 |
| Tucumán | 493,9 | 22.836 |
| Mendoza | 468,2 | 148.783 |
| San Juan | 193,6 | 89.179 |
| La Rioja | 104,1 | 86.492 |
| Catamarca | 138,0 | 78.162 |
| Salta | 192,1 | 126.577 |
| Jujuy | 103,9 | 43.267 |
| Territorios Nacionales e Islas <br> Australes $\qquad$ | 612,6 | 1.209.230 |

## Población Extranjera (miles)



> Aptitud de las tierras

Para cereales . . . . . . . . . . . 80 millones de hectáreas " agricultura y ganadería 109
Montes y bosques ......... 50 " " "
Capacidad para 250 millones de habitantes
Temperatura
Media En verano: Norte $26^{\circ}$, Centro $23^{\circ}$, Sud $16^{\circ}$.
" invierno: " $15^{\circ}$ " $10^{\circ}$ " $30^{\circ}$.
Lluvia ", verano: ", 530 mm ." 300 mm .", 100 mm .
Media ", invierno: ", 200 " , 250 , , 150 "

## CORREOS Y TELEGRAFOS

## Ministro del Interior: Dr. Leopoldo Melo

Director General de Correos y Telégrafos:

> Dr. Carlos Risso Dominguez

## Movimiento postal y telegráfico

Miles
Piezas post. ... 642.544,1 | Ofic. de C. y Telég. 3.812
Desp. telegráf. . $\quad 7.270,1$ Cías. de Radio .... 4 Líneas tel. Kms. $\quad 47,3$ Est. Radiodifusoras 37
Desarrollo .... 127,0 Cfas. Telefónicas .. 45
Producidos . . . 42.844,2 Abonados (miles) . 273
Gastos ....... 57.092,4 Líneas Aeropost. .. 5

## FERROCARRILES $\begin{gathered}\text { Millones } \\ \$ \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{s} \text {. }\end{gathered}$

En explotac. kms. 39.830 Capital .......... 2.000,0
FF. CC. del Estado 9.010 Producidos ...... 215,2
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Locomotoras . . . . } & 4.090 \\ \text { Vag. pasajeros . . } & 3.573 & \text { Gastos . . . . . . . . . . 161,8 }\end{array}$
n carga . ..... 82.957 Utilidades . . . . . 53,4
Vapores y Veleros Puertos Principales
Entrados .... 61.623 Bs, Aires calado 32 pies
Con toneladas . 38.077.039 Rosario " 27,5
Ríos navegab. kms. 3.215 B. Blanca " 25 "
Costas maritimas " 4.000 La Plata ", 29 "
Canales balizados .. 3.584
Faros marítimos . . 142
Costas ilumin. kms. 4.268 Cías. Naveg. Argent. 6
" $n$ Extr. . 15 na: toneladas ...599.457
Caminos de calzada firme . . . . . . . . . . . . 7.231 kms .
Red Nacional de caminos proyectados . . . . 42.000 ,
Número de vehículos automotores . . . . . . . . . . 287.021

## BANCOS

(en miles de $\$ \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n}$.)
Capital ....... 657.728|Préstamos .... 3.424.500
Depósitos ..... 3.426 .600 Utilidades .... 15.487
Nacionales: 2
Beo. Nación Argentina. Sucursales 238; Cap. \$ 235.921;
Préstamos \$ 1.669.100; Depósitos \$ 1.565.200.
Bco. Hipotecario Nacional. Sucs. 30 ; Prést. \$ 1.482.032; Reservas \$ 217.684.

## Argentinos 15

Cap. \$ 338.471 ; Prést. \$1.718.100; Depósit. \$ 41.300.400; Utilidades \$ 12.535.

## Extranjeros 9

Capital \$83.336; Prést. \$ 617.400; Depósitos \$ 707.600; Utilidades \$2.952.

## GANADERIA

AGRICULTURA

| Existencia de: | Miles | Produccion de: Mites |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ovinos | 44.413 | Cereales ... 17.481,0 ton. |
| Bovinos | 32.212 | Azúcar . . . 318,9 |
| Equinos | 9.858 | Algodón . . 113.3 |
| Cabríos | 5.647 | Elev. de granos exist. 144 |
| Porcinos | 3.769 | Prod. petróleo $2.176,6 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ |
| Mular y asnal | 1.089 | Destilerías 12 |

Diques de embalse 0 derivados ........... 11
Canales y acequias . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . kms. $\quad 1.251 .000$
Valor de las obras . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n} .160 .000 .000$
Terrenos bajo regadío . . . . . . . . hectáreas 950.000
Valor de los mismos . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{n} .500 .000 .000$

## EDUCACION

| Enseñanza Primarla | Enseñanza Secundaria |
| :---: | :---: |
| Escuelas Primarias: | Escuelas normales ... 113 |
| Nacionales ...... 5.892 | , , de Artes y Ofic. 35 |
| Provinciales ..... 5.538 | Industriales |
| Particulares ..... 1.130 | , de Comercio ... 66 |
| Total . . . 12.560 | Profesionales .. 33 <br> de Bellas Artes . 5 |
| Alumnos inseriptos: | Coleg. Secundarios .. 195 |
| Enseñ. Nac. . . 790.507 | Escuelas especiales: |
| Prov. .. 784.393 | Esc. Navales ....... |
| Part. .. 127.636 | , Aviación ...... 16 |
| Total .... $\underline{1.702 .536}$ | $\begin{array}{lllr}\text { ", } & \text { Minas .......... } & 1 \\ \text {," } & \text { Militares } \ldots . .{ }^{1} & 13\end{array}$ |
| ENSENANZA | NIVERSITARIA |
| Escuelas de Derecho .. 4 $\begin{array}{ll} " & \text { Ingeniería. } 5 \\ " & " \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { Escuelas Filos. y Letras } 2 \\ " & \text { Cienc. Económ. } 2 \\ " & \text { Quím. y Farm. } 3 \\ " & \text { Agron. y Veter. } 2 \end{array}$ |
| OTRAS INSTITUCIO | NES CULTURALES |
| Museos, Artes, etc. . . . 40 Obser. Astronómicos . . | Observ. Meteorológ. 120 <br> Bibliotecas …..... 1.681 |
| INSTITUTO GEO | aFiCO MILITAR |
| Superficie triangulada ," topografiada | $\begin{aligned} & 350.000 \mathrm{kms} .2 \\ & 288.000 \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ |
| PERIO | SMO |
| Diarios | Periódicos y Revistas |
| Capital Federal ..... 70 | 735 |
| Prov. y Territorios .. 306 | 1.585 |
| 376 | 2.320 |
| Total de pub | ciones: 2.696 |

## A small selection of used postcards







Monday, September 7, 2009

## 5c Postal Entires Plain Type

This ample shows usages to several businesses in Buenos Aires.


se cobrará un centavo por el sobre (Ley de Tarifas)



Ademas del valor del timbre se cobrara un centavo por el sobre (Ley de Tarifas)



## un centavo por el sobre (Ley de Tarifas)




Monday, September 7, 2009

## 5c Postal Entires Post Horn Type

This ample shows usages to several businesses in Buenos Aires.





Ademas det valor det timbre se cobrard un seatevo por el sobre (Ley de Tarifas)

se cobrará un centavo por el sobre (Ley de larilas)


Monday, September 7, 2009

## 5c Postal Entires Post Horn in Shield Type

This ample shows usages to several businesses in Buenos Aires.



## A 50c1E Perfin

This 50c stamp has a two row perfin. The first row reads 'BF' and the second row reads 'RP.'


Perfin detail.


Saturday, June 6, 2009

## Several 2 pesos PERFINs

2P2C







Friday, June 26, 2009

## Peculiar PERFINs

CQ applied multiple times per stamp.



NBI doubled.


Friday, June 26, 2009

## BE PERFIN

These two specimens are dated.
1pCL1B from 1944.



Saturday, July 4, 2009

## High value PERFINs

Here are ACO 5 pesos specimens,

...and several 10 pesos with PERFIN A.M


## Perfins Selection in Alphabetical Order



























































